SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Distribution of the \emph{O} -acetyl groups and β -galactofuranose units in galactoxylomannans of the opportunistic fungus $\emph{Cryptococcus}$ $\emph{neoformans}$

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Figure S1: Ion-exchange chromatography of GalXMs from *C. neoformans* serotype D (CAP 67 strain) on a Mono-Q column. Each fraction was monitored for carbohydrates by phenol-sulfuric acid assay (filled circle). NGALXM was eluted with 10mM of sodium phosphate buffer, and GXMGal was eluted with a linear gradient of 0-0.5M of NaCl. The fractions marked with a bar were pooled. The concentration of NaCl is represented as a dashed line.

Figure S2: Estimation of apparent molecular weight of NGalXM (A) and GXMGal (B) from *C. neoformans* by gel filtration chromatography on TSK 4000 (7.5 x 600 mm) column, linked to an HPLC system The column was eluted with 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer containing 0.3M NaCl at flow rate of 1.0 ml/min The numbers inside the panel indicate the molecular of weight of standard proteins, NGalXM and GXMG in kDa. The elution volume of standard proteins were indicated by arrows.

Figure S3: ¹H-¹³C HSQC spectrum of NGalXM from *C. neoformans* (CH₃, CH black, CH₂ grey). The cross-peaks are labelled as they appear in the text and in Table II. An arrow indicates *O*-acetyl signals. Insert represents the expansion of selected cross-peaks of HSQC spectrum showing ¹*J*_{H,C} correlation methyl group arising from *O*-acetyl resonances. Signals marked with * and ** arise from methyl and methylene groups from non-identified compounds respectively.

Figure S4: ¹H-¹³C HSQC spectrum of GXMGal from *C. neoformans* (CH₃, CH black, CH₂ grey). The cross-peaks are labelled as they appear in the text and in table III. An arrow indicates *O*-acetyl signals. Insert represent the expansion of selected cross peaks of HSQC spectrum showing ¹*J*_{H,C} correlation methyl group arising from *O*-acetyl resonances.

Figure S5: Expansion of selected cross-peaks of NOESY spectrum of NGalXM from *C. neoformans*. The arrow indicates nOe contacts between –CH₃ group of O-acetyl group with the H-2 and H-1 of Man A residue.

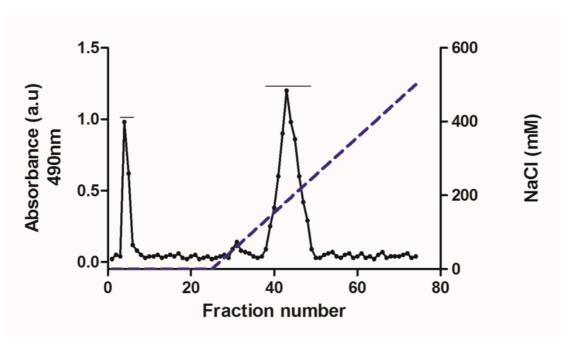
Figure S6: Part of NOESY spectrum of NGalXM from *C. neoformans*. The cross-peaks are labelled as they appear in the text. The arrow indicates cross peak between β-Galf (L) H-1 and α-Galp (M) H-1 (L1:M1).

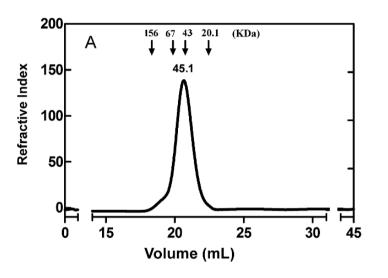
Figure S7: Anomeric region of ¹H-¹³C HSQC spectrum of GalM from *C. neoformans*. The cross peaks are labelled as they appear in the text and in Table VI.

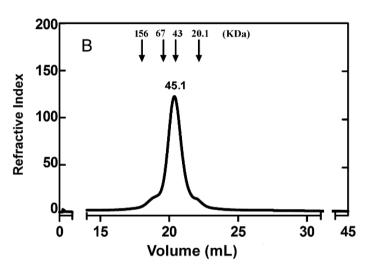
Figure S8: Overlap of parts of the TOCSY (black), and NOESY (red) spectra of GXMGal from *C. neoformans*. The cross-peaks are labelled as they are mentioned in the text.

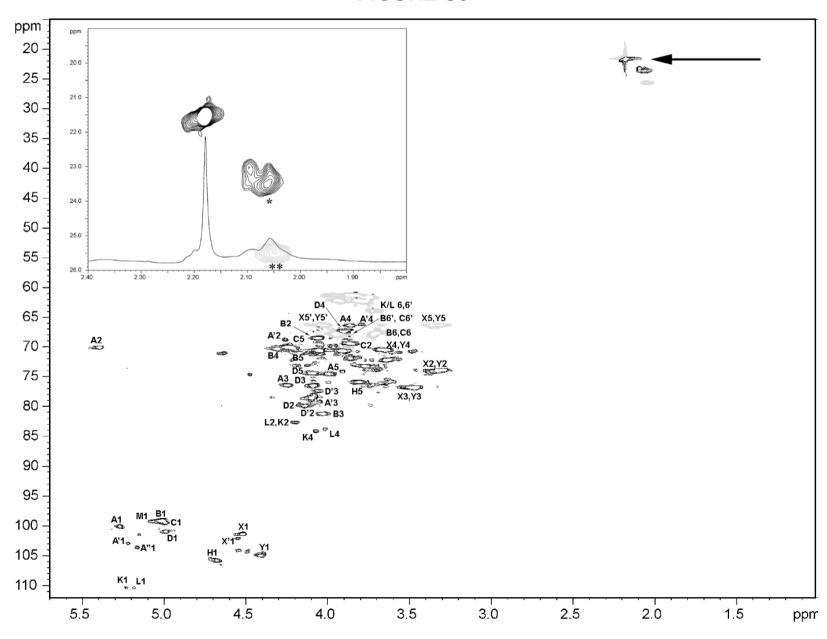
Figure S9: Expansion of selected cross-peaks of NOESY spectrum of GXMGal from *C. neoformans*. The dashed arrow indicates nOe contacts between the protons of -CH₃ group of *O*-acetyl with the H2 and H1 of 2-*O*-acetylated Man A residue; and the solid arrow indicates nOe contacts between the protons of – CH₃ group of *O*-acetyl with H1 and H6,6' of 6-*O*-acetylated Man A* residue.

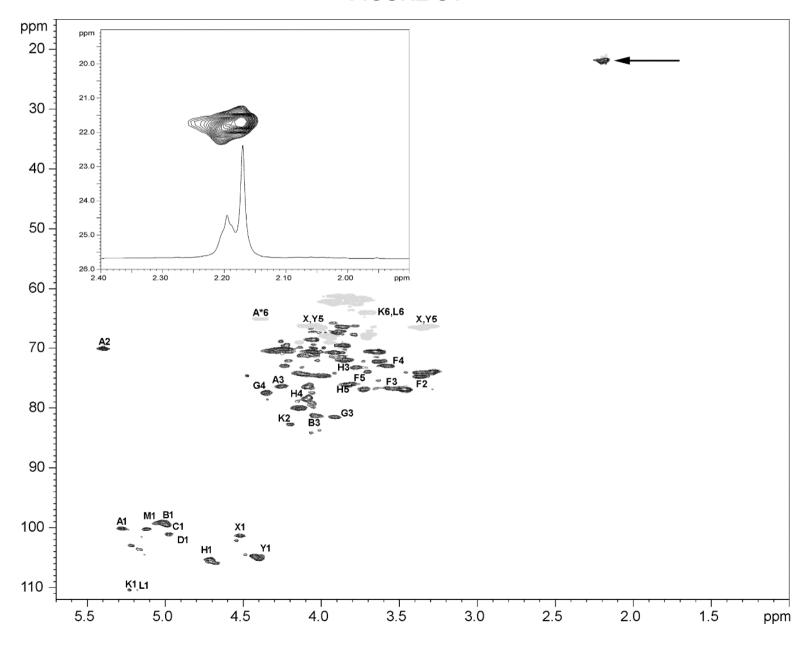
FIGURE S1

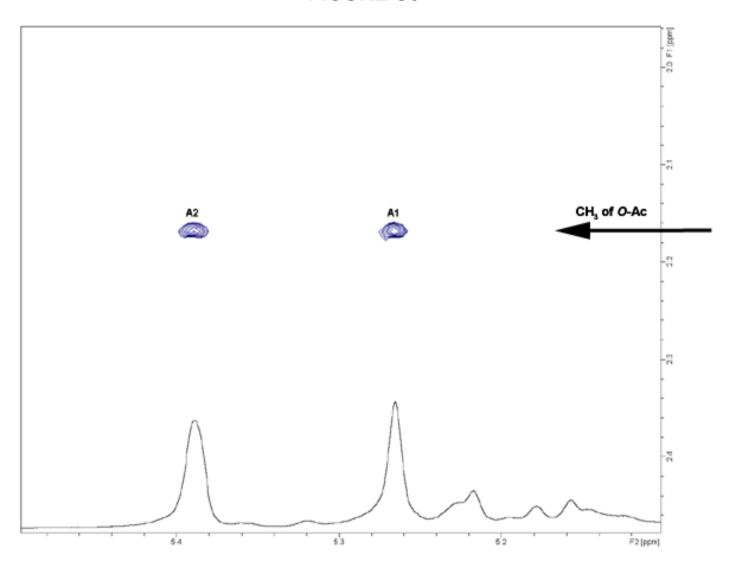


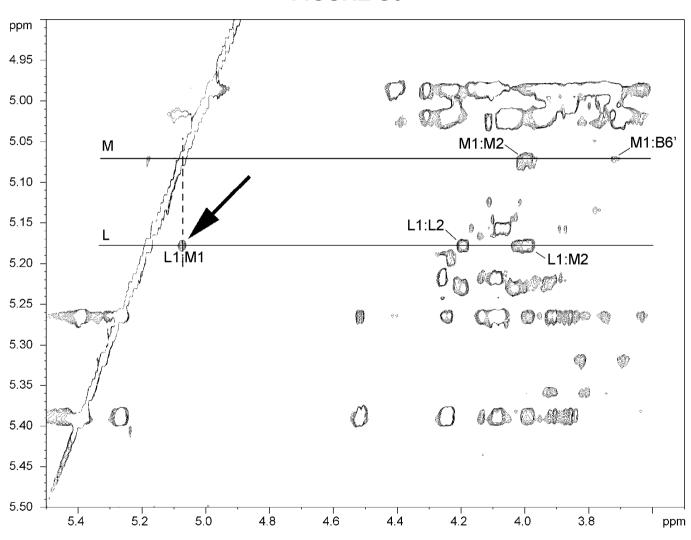


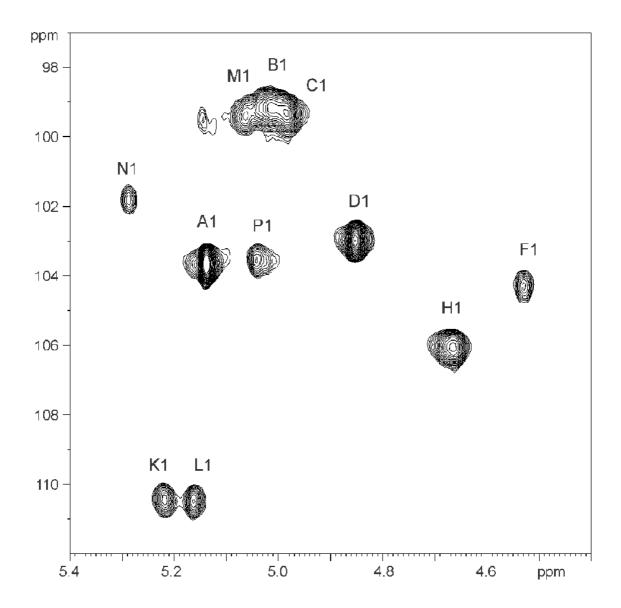












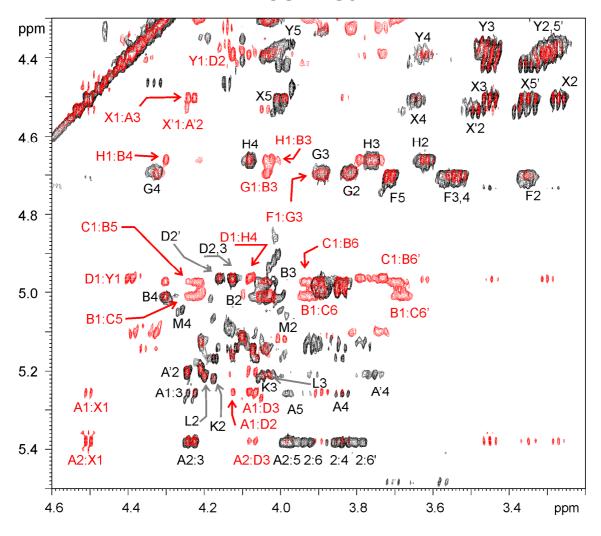


FIGURE S9

