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Maref, W.; Rousseau, M. Z.

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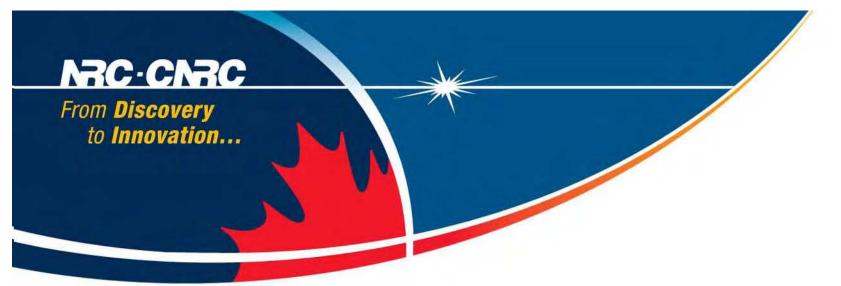
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Review of Full-Scale Test Methodology for HAM model Benchmarking

Prepared by :

Dr. Wahid Maref & Madeleine Rousseau

For the CIB W40 Seminar on Research in Building Physics Sep 5, 2006 (Syracuse University,NY, USA)

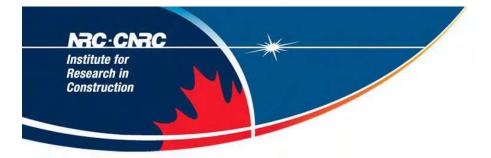
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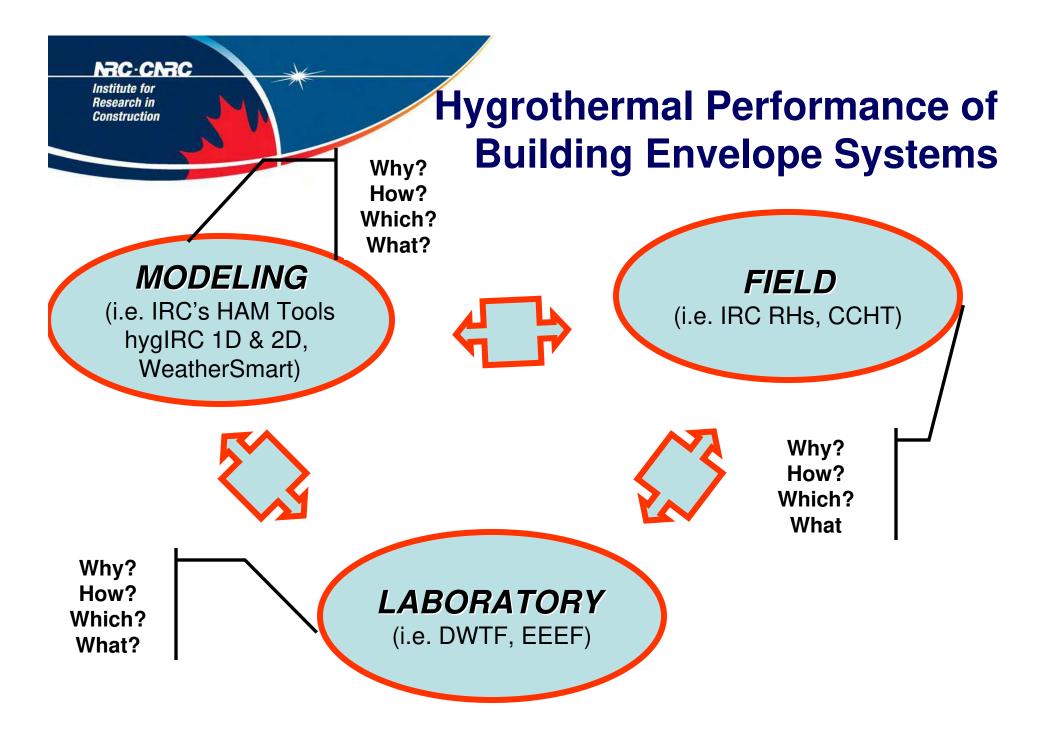


- Hygrothermal Performance of BES
 - Modeling
 - Field Experiment
 - Laboratory experiments
- Conclusion



Hygrothermal Performance of BES

- Modeling
- Field Experiment
- Laboratory experiments
- Conclusion





- Hygrothermal Performance of BES
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Modeling

- Why to do modeling?
- How to model?
- Which model to use?
- What do you expect from modeling?

Modeling: IRC's HAM Tools

- *hyg*IRC 1-D V. 1.1 is a user-friendly, one-dimensional version of NRC-IRC's *hyg*IRC, a state-of-the-art hygrothermal model.
 - 1-D hygIRC can be used for
 - parametric analysis: changing weather (locations), materials, for example

For more information please visit hygIRC Website:

http://irc.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/bes/software/hygIRC/index e.html

- *hyg*IRC 2D is the Advanced hygrothermal models
 - Best handled by hygIRC 2-D
 - air leakage
 - water leaks
 - gravity effects
- WeatherSmart

Research in Construction



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Field Experiments

- Why to do field experiment?
- How to do experiment?
- Which physical phenomena to investigate,..?
- What do you expect from experiments?



• IRC's Research Houses:

- Research House #3 (IE/BES)
- CCHT
- Roof Top Garden, etc.

Field Experiments



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IRC Field Exposure of Wall Facility (FEWF)



- Background
- Objectives
 - Compare performance of different side-by-side wall assemblies
 - improve understanding of HAM response of wall and window assemblies exposed to naturally occurring climate loads of Ottawa as well as to indoor environment loads of T, RH and P defined by occupancy and HVAC systems.
 - Research the interaction between the building envelope and the indoor environment
 - Complement IRC's controlled laboratory test and modeling simulations



Window Monitoring Objectives:

- The cold weather monitoring will examine the potential for condensation and possibly mould growth at several locations of the windows and the wall adjacent to it, with blinds open and with blinds closed, and that for three orientations:
 - Glass edge
 - Window frame
- Indoor sill shelf
- Wall/window interface
- Drywall at thermal bridges and dead air pockets



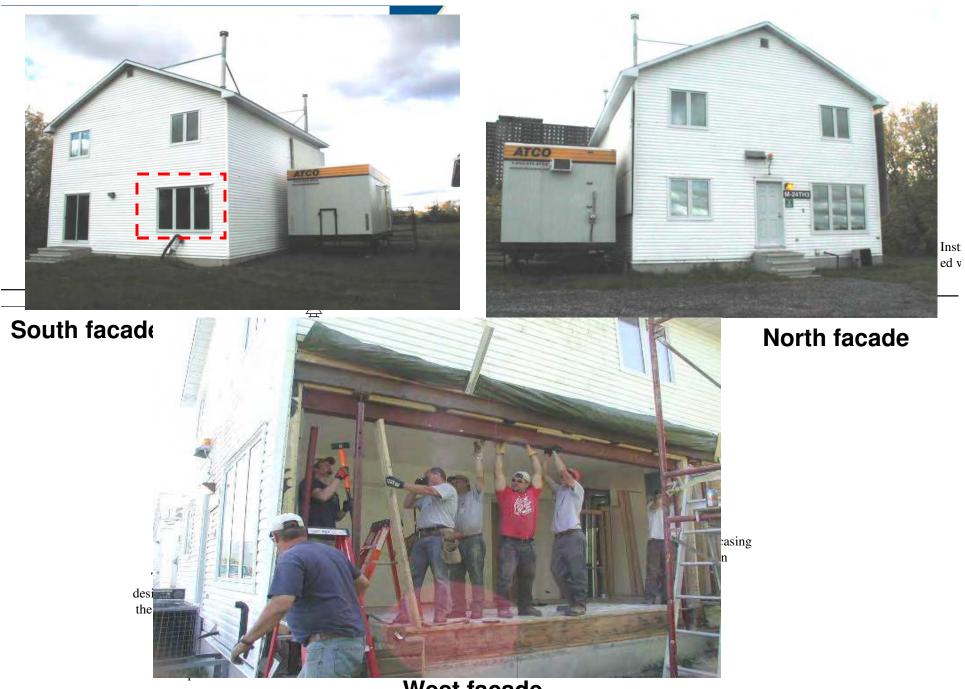
Windows Characteristics

- Triple glazed
- Double low-e coatings
- Argon-filled
- Insulating spacer
- Fiberglass box frame
- Combination of fixed and casement sashes



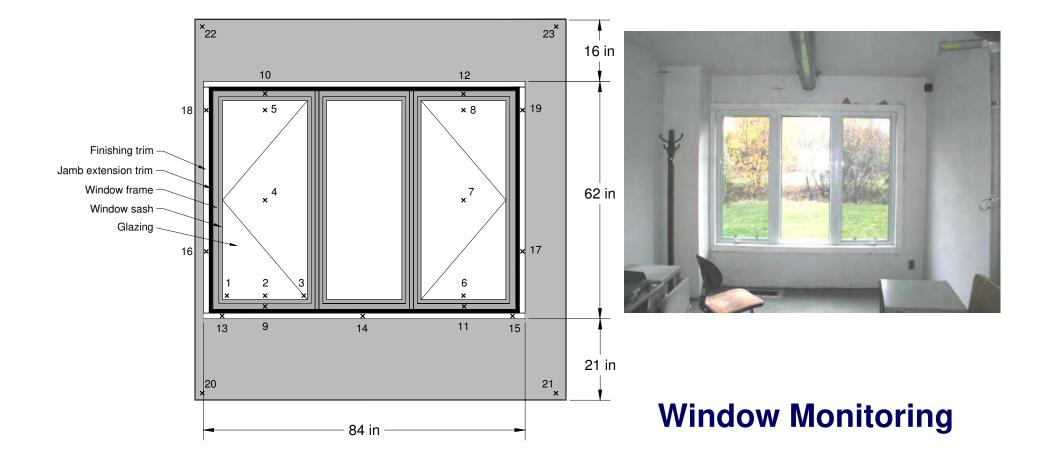
Experimental Approach

- Year 1 (2006-2007) Commission the facility by monitoring three identical test specimens of traditional construction (2x6) through Fall, Winter and Spring.
- Year 2 (2006-2007) Investigate the performance of two to three wall specimens of different innovative designs based on industrial collaboration/partnership.
- Year 3 and beyond Expand the program in collaboration with Indoor Environment to examine whole house performance issues.



West facade



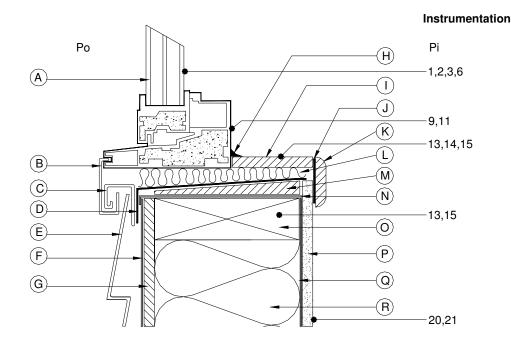




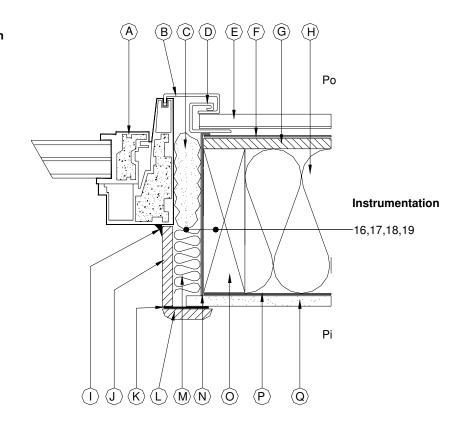
Exterior



Interior



Sill Detail



Interior

Window Monitoring

Jamb Detail





West facade

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IRC Field Exposure of Wall Facility (FEWF)



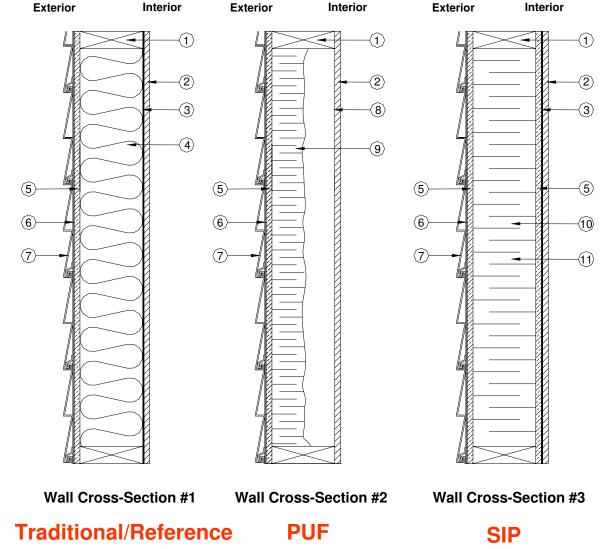
NRC - CNRC Institute for Research in Construction

IRC Field Exposure of Wall Facility (FEWF)

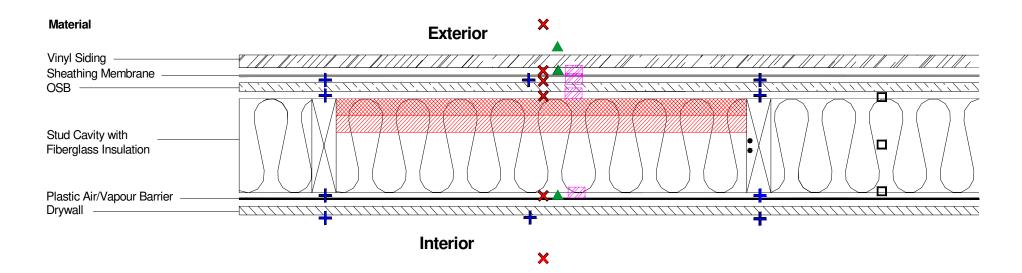


Test bay _/









Instrumentation - Plan View

- X RH and T sensors
- + T sensors
- ▲ Air Pressure sensor
- Moisture Pins
- Jeld-Wen Wireless RH&T Sensors
- Heat Flux Transducer (for W2 only)
- DETEC



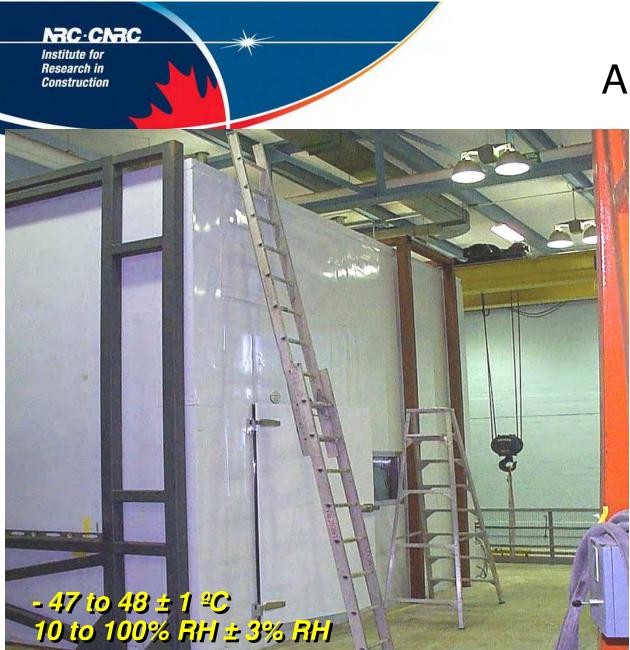


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Laboratory Experiments

- Why to do lab experiments?
- How to do experiment?
- Which physical phenomena to investigate,..?
- What do you expect from experiments?



Experiments — Apparatus - EEEF

Specimens and weighing apparatus are placed in EEEF

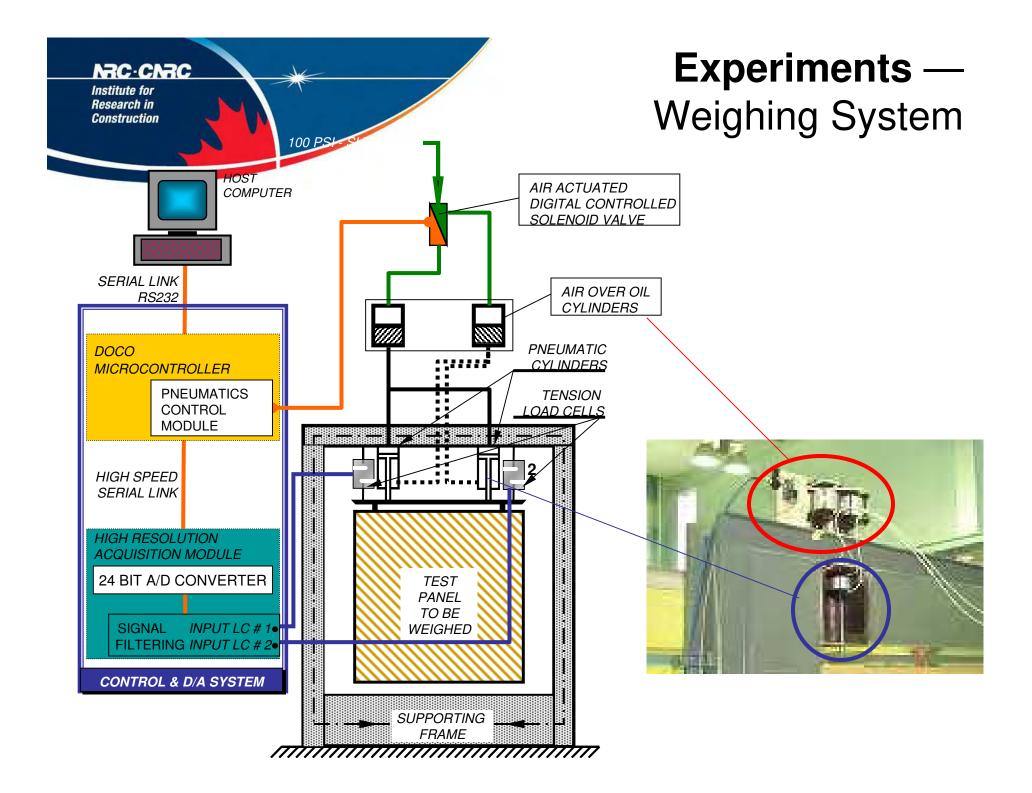
EEEF maintains T and RH profile over course of experiment

Environmental Exposure Envelope Facility

Experiments — Apparatus - EEEF

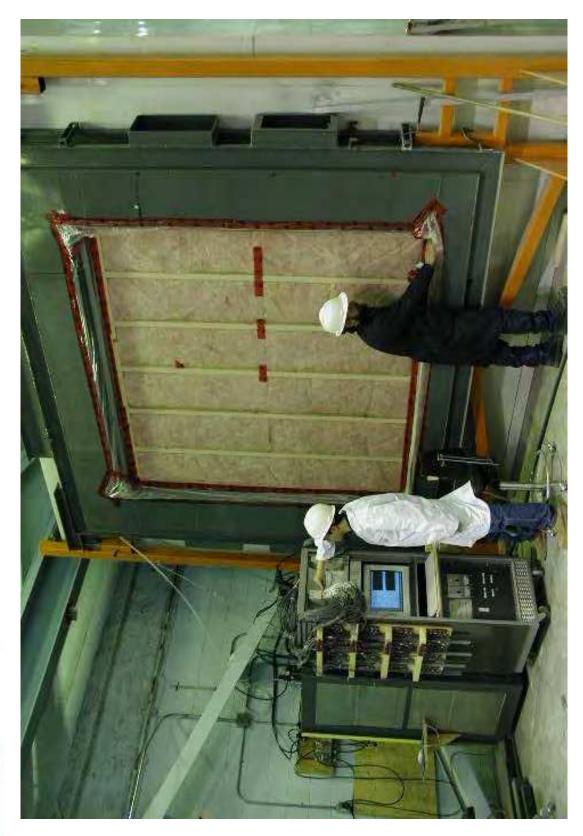






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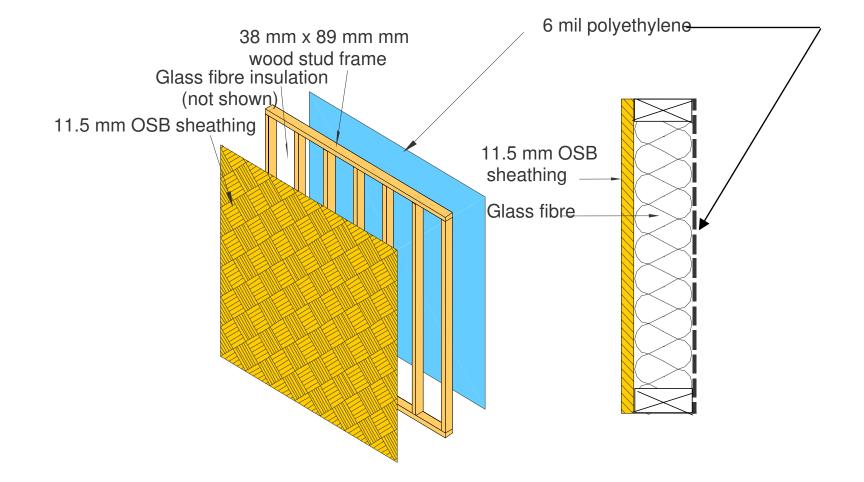
Benchmarking Trials: Test Frame installation



NRC-CNRC Institute for **Case Study 1-**Research in Construction **Benchmarking hygIRC** SIMULATION-hygIRC **ANALYSIS & VERIFICATION EXPERIMENT** 90% Total Moisture Content (MC%) %00 %00 %00 %00 %00 %00 Simulation 20% Experiment 10% 0% 0 5 10 15 20 25 Time (Days)

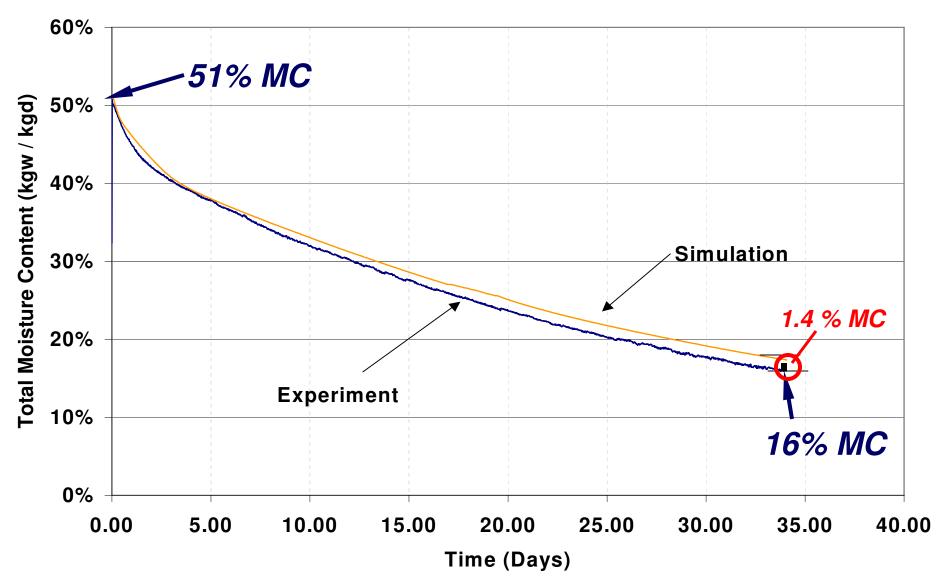
Case Study 1 – Full-scale configuration





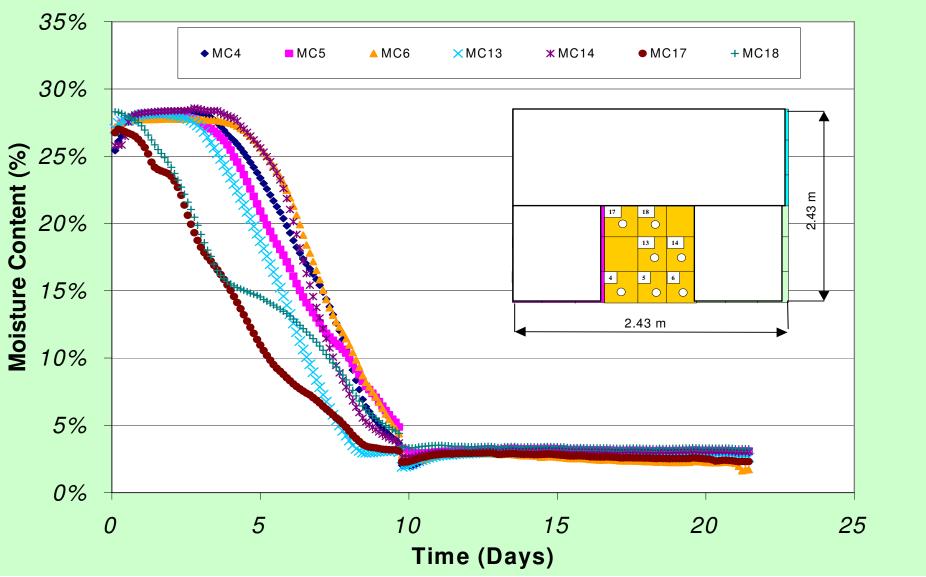


Case Study 1 – Results



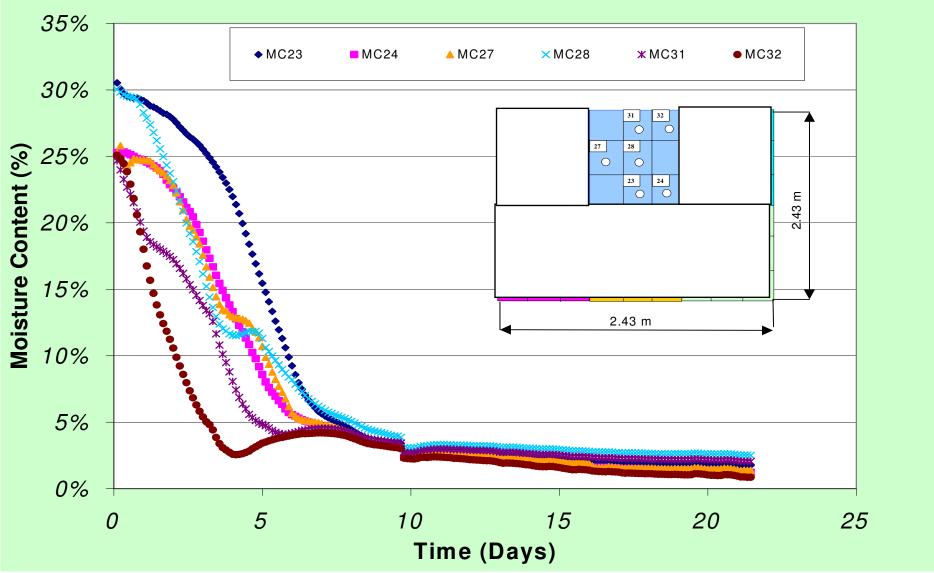


Case Study 1 -Results



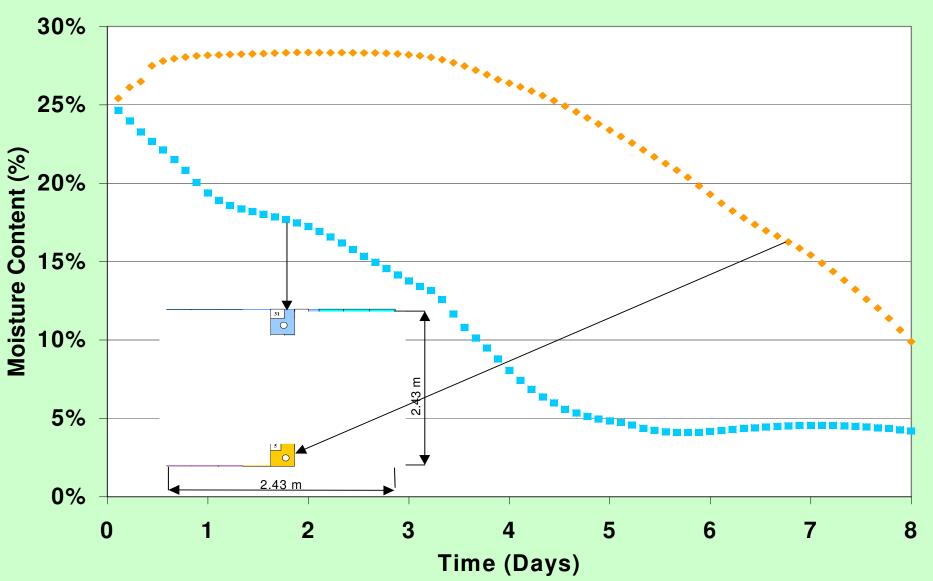


Case Study 1 -Results



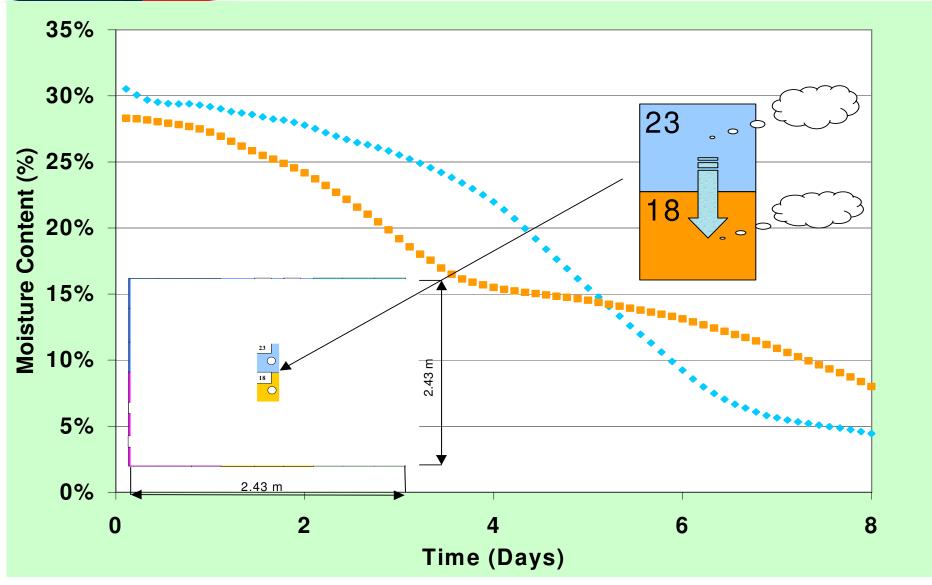


Case Study 1 -Results





Case Study 1 -Results

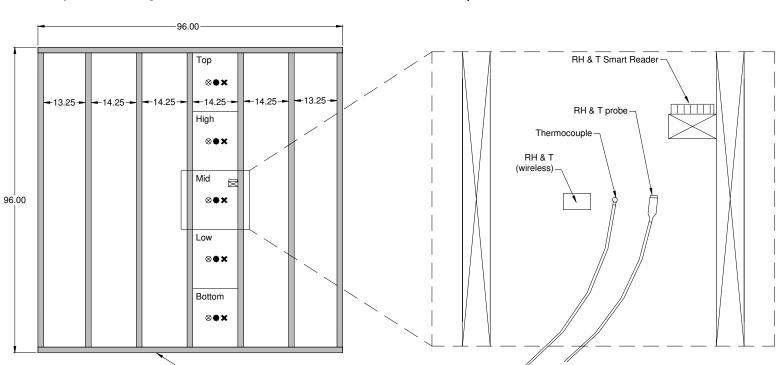




EEEF WALL SPECIMEN - FRONT VIEW

Wood Framing (2X4)

Wall Specimen Framing



Closeup of RH & T Sensors

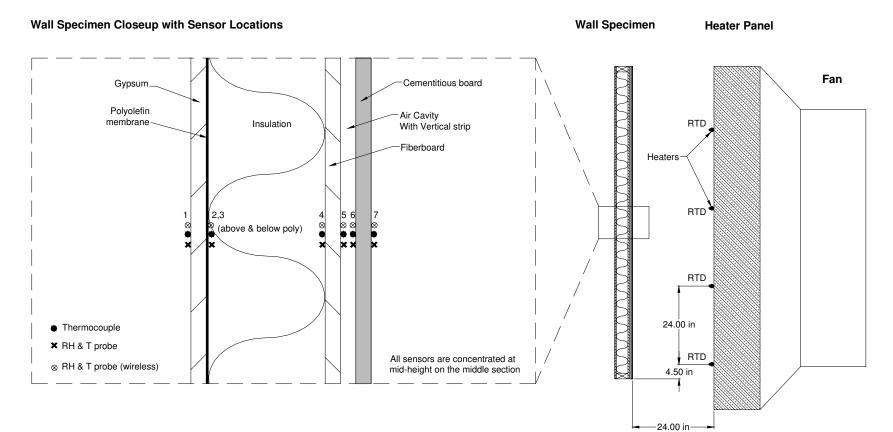
Case Study 2-Solar Driven Inward Vapour Diffusion

EEEF WALL SPECIMEN - SIDE SECTION VIEW

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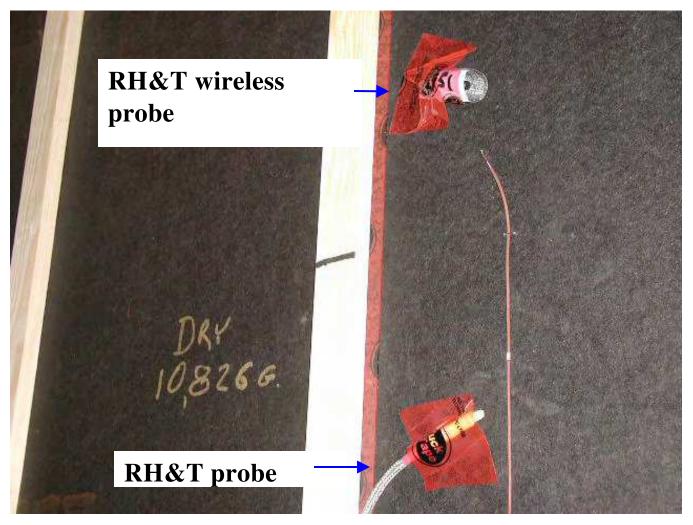
Case Study 2



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Case Study 2-Solar Driven Inward Vapour Diffusion



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Case Study 2-Solar Driven Inward Vapour Diffusion









Case Study 2-Solar Driven Inward Vapour Diffusion





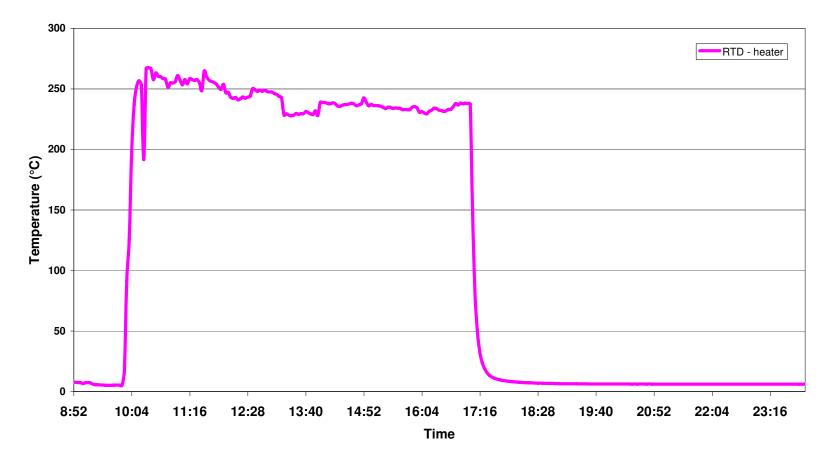
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Temperature profile of the heater

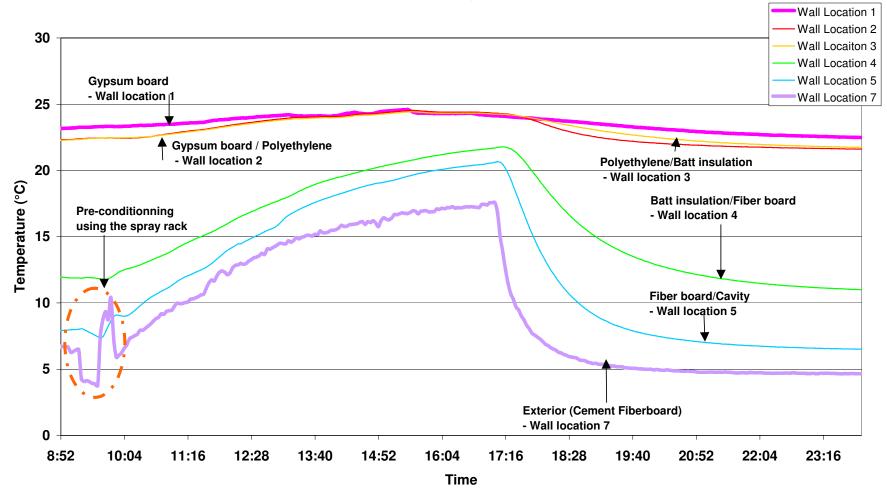
Heater Temperature (RTD)





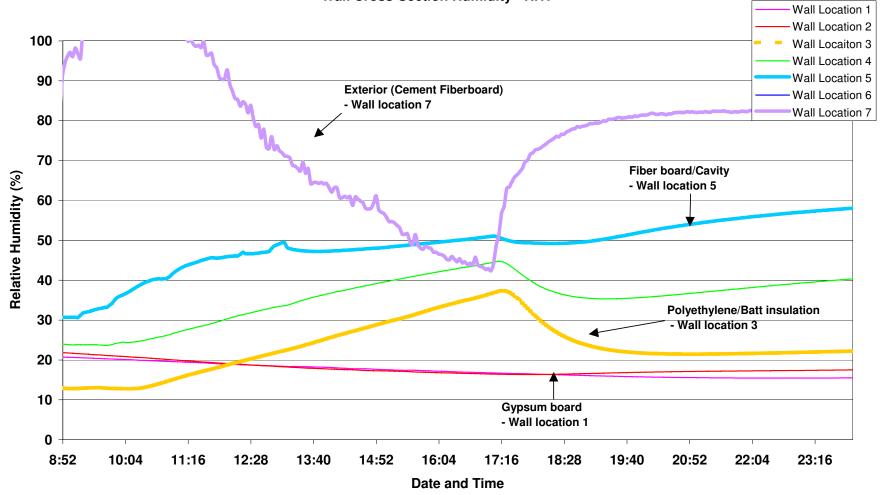
Temperature







Relative Humidity



Wall Cross-Section Humidity - RHT



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- Concluding Remarks



Concluding remarks

- hygIRC can adequately duplicate and help predict hygrothermal behaviour of wall components
- Tests that have been conducted in EEEF demonstrated the capabilities of IRC's facilities to carry out a series of experimental works to mimic the exterior conditions effect on the moisture transport.
- Lab and/or Field Experiments help to benchmark models
- Benchmarked models save time and money for doing parametric studies comparing to field and lab experiments
- Models, lab and field experiments complement each other



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